This Question Paper contains 8 Printed Pages.

5.5. March 11

N-10 (E)

(MARCH, 2011)

| Set No. Of<br>Question Paper |   |  |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| 0                            | 8 |  |

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## PART - A

Time: 75 minutes!

[Maximum Marks: 50

### Instructions:

- (1) There are **50** objective type questions in this part and **all** are **compulsory**.
- (2) The questions are serially numbered from 1 to 50 and each carries 1 mark.
- (3) You are supplied with separate OMR sheet with the alternatives (A) ○, (B)○, (C) ○, (D) against each question number. For each question, select the correct alternative and darken the circle as completely with the pen against the alphabet corresponding to that alternative in the given OMR sheet.
- From the following 1 to 50 questions, select the correct alternative from the given four answers and darken the circle with pen against the alphabet, against the number in OMR sheet.
- Each question carries 1 mark.
- 1. In which state are the sacred groves 'Saranas' and 'Jaheras' of community ownership?
  - (A) Jharkhand

(B) Bihar

(C) Orissa

- (D) Uttar Pradesh
- 2. Science means .....
  - (A) Organised knowledge
- (B) Special knowledge
- (C) Wealthy knowledge
- (D) Practical knowledge
- 3. What benefit is obtained by a state through tourism industry?
  - (A) Political

(B) Cultural

(C) Economical

- (D) Social
- **4.** Which sculpture from the point of view of art has international significance?
  - (A) Brahma

(B) Natraj

(C) Ganapati

- (D) Vishnu
- 5 Who is considered to be the father of Mathematics?
  - (A) Charak

(B) Brahmagupt

(C) Aryabhatt

(D) Bhaskaracharya

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| Empowerment Policy" ?  (A) 1990 (B) 2001  (C) 1992 (D) 2002                     |    |
|---|----|
| (C) 1992 (D) 2002   |    |
|   |    |
|   |    |
| 7. What is the proportion of a doctor for one lakh people in India?             |    |
| (A) 61 (B) 25   |    |
| (C) 51 (D) 15   |    |
| 8. Which of the following states of India does not face the problem insurgency? | of |
| (A) Assam (B) Chattisgarh   |    |
| (C) Nagaland (D) Gujarat  |    |
| o *** . 1   |    |
| 9. What does Regolith have? (A) Clay particles (B) Minerals                     |    |
| (A) Clay particles (B) Minerals (C) Gravels (D) Sand                            |    |
| (C) Graveis (D) Sailu   |    |
| 10. Which part has been declared 'National Marine Park'?                        |    |
| (A) Gulf of Mannar (B) Gulf of Khambhat   |    |
| (C) Gulf of Kachcha (D) Bay of Bengal   |    |
| 11. With what are the trees compared in Vikramacharit?                          |    |
| (A) King (B) Saint  |    |
| (C) Deity (D) God   |    |
| (2) 202   |    |
| 12. From which of the tree can baskets, paper and rayon be made?                |    |
| (A) Ebony (B) Deodar  |    |
| (C) Bamboo (D) Teak   |    |
| 13. Which of the following is a major fruit of Himachal Pradesh a               | nd |
| Jammu Kashmir?  |    |
| (A) Apple (B) Banana  |    |
| (C) Grapes (D) Orange   |    |
| 14. What is the major source of water resources on Earth?                       |    |
| (A) Canals (B) Rain   |    |
| (C) Ponds (D) Wells   |    |

PT.O.

| 15. | Which of the following Science is the most ancient? |                                   |              |                                |
|-----|---|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|
| 19  | (A)   | Astronomy                         | (B)          | Medicine and Surgery           |
|     | (C)   | Vastu-shastra                     | ( <b>D</b> ) | Mathematics                    |
| 16. | Who   | composed the volume 'Lilaw        | ati Ga       | anit'?                         |
|     | (A)   | Vagabhatt                         | (B)          | Aryabhatta                     |
|     | (C)   | Boddhayan                         | ( <b>D</b> ) | Bhaskaracharya                 |
| 17. |   | ween which city of India and ted? | Mun          | nbai, was the first Rail route |
|     | (A)   | Bandra                            | (B)          | Thane                          |
|     | (C)   | Pune                              | (D)          | Kalyan                         |
| 18. | Wha   | at percentage of population in    | a dev        | reloping country are poor?     |
|     | (A)   | 20                                | (B)          | 40                             |
|     | (C)   | 30                                | (D)          | 50                             |
| 19. | Wha   | at type of necessity is food, clo | th an        | d shelter known as ?           |
|     | (A)   | Pleasure                          | (B)          | Comfort                        |
|     | (C)   | Primary                           | (D)          | Efficiency                     |
| 20. | Whe   | en did the age of economic refe   | orms         | in India begin ?               |
|     | (A)   | 1991                              | (B)          | 2001                           |
|     | (C)   | 1951                              | (D)          | 1981                           |
| 21. | Wha   | at should be used as a fuel to o  | heck         | pollution ?                    |
|     | (A)   | Diesel                            | (B)          | Kerosene                       |
|     | (C)   | Petrol                            | (D)          | C.N.G.                         |
| 22. | How   | many are the centres of I.T.      | [. in I      | ndia ?                         |
|     | (A)   | 720                               | (B)          | 890                            |
|     | (C)   | 4300                              | (D)          | 4600                           |
| 23. | Whi   | ch institute undertakes the wo    | rk of        | registering the unemployed?    |
|     | (A)   | Mamlatdar office                  | (B)          | Employment Exchange office     |
|     | (C)   | District Panchayat office         | (D)          | Collector office               |
|     |   |                                   |              |                                |

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| 24. | Which of the following is the least corrupt country in Asia? |   |              |                                |
|-----|--|---|--------------|--------------------------------|
|     | (A)  | Singapore   | (B)          | England                        |
|     | (C)  | America   | (D)          | India                          |
| 25. |  | v can it be said that the India<br>ause of their love for | n peo        | ple are the lovers of nature ? |
|     | (A)  | Country   | (B)          | Trees                          |
|     | (C)  | Festival  | (D)          | Family                         |
| 26. | Whi  | ch tribe is the most ancient ir                           | habit        | tants of India ?               |
|     | (A)  | Dravidians  | (B)          | Armenoid                       |
|     | (C)  | Negrito   | (D)          | Australoid                     |
| 27. | For  | which country are the words 'S                            | ujalar       | n' and 'Sufalam' used ?        |
|     | (A)  | China   | (B)          | Greece                         |
|     | (C)  | Myanmar   | (D)          | India                          |
| 28. | Whi  | ch of the following things are                            | inclu        | ded in natural heritage?       |
|     | (A)  | Stupas and Chaityas                                       | (B)          | Temples, Mosques               |
|     | (C)  | Rivers, Trees   |              | Palaces, Forts                 |
| 29. |  | ch of the following is an impo<br>arat?                   | rtant        | centre for Agate trade in      |
|     | (A)  | Khambhat  | (B)          | Ahmedabad                      |
|     | (C)  | Surat   | ( <b>D</b> ) | Deesa                          |
| 30. | Wha  | at was the width of the roads i                           | in Mo        | henjo-Daro ?                   |
|     | (A)  | 12 metres   | (B)          | 8.40 metres                    |
|     | (C)  | 9.75 metres   | (D)          | 8 metres                       |
| 31. | In w   | hich cave is the grand idol of                            | 'Trin        | nurti' established ?           |
|     | (A)  | Ellora  | (B)          | Elephanta                      |
|     | (C)  | Ajanta  | ( <b>D</b> ) | Mahabalipuram                  |
| 32. | The  | famous book by the poet Thir                              | ruvall       | uvar is                        |
|     | (A)  | Manimekalai   | (B)          | Shilappadikaram                |
|     | (C)  | Kural   | (D)          | Tolkappiyam                    |
|     |  |   |              |                                |

| 33. | Which of the following is a major source of irrigation in eastern and southern states of India? |   |              |                                |
|-----|---|---|--------------|--------------------------------|
| ,   | (A)   | Ponds                                     | (B)          | Rain                           |
|     | (C)   | Tube-wells                                | (D)          | Canals                         |
| 34. | On  | which river is the Hirakud mu             | ıltipu       | rpose project situated?        |
|     | (A)   | Chambal                                   | (B)          | Krishna                        |
|     | (C)   | Maha                                      | (D)          | Godavari                       |
| 35. | Ву  | what other name is the moder              | n age        | known as?                      |
|     | (A)   | 'Satyayug'                                | (B)          | Atomic age                     |
|     | (C)   | 'Kaliyug'                                 | (D)          | Mineral age                    |
| 36. | In the Wor  | he production of which miners             | al doe       | s India rank first in the      |
|     | (A)   | Copper                                    | (B)          | Iron                           |
|     | (C)   | Mica                                      | (D)          | Aluminium                      |
| 37. | In w  | hich city are the vehicles whi            | ch ru        | n on Solar battery used ?      |
|     | (A)   | Delhi                                     | (B)          | Chennai                        |
|     | (C)   | Kolkata                                   | (D)          | Mumbai                         |
| 38. | Wha   | at is obtained from the slurry            | of Bio       | o-gas ?                        |
|     | (A)   | Stone                                     | (B)          | Fertiliser                     |
|     | (C)   | Plastic                                   | ( <b>D</b> ) | Clay                           |
| 39. |   | which place is the Thermal Po             | wer S        | Station established along with |
|     | (A)   | Dhuvaran                                  | (B)          | Utran                          |
|     | (C)   | Ukai                                      | (D)          | Sabarmati                      |
| 40. | In w  | hich state is the largest cluster<br>ted? | (Guc         | hch) of wind-farm of India     |
|     | (A)   | Tamil Nadu                                | (B)          | Gujarat                        |
|     | (C)   | Karnataka                                 | (D)          | Maharashtra                    |
| 41. | Wha   | at type of industry is Iron and           | Steel        | industry?                      |
|     | (A)   | Government                                |              | Agro-based                     |
|     | (C)   | Heavy                                     | (D)          | Small-scale                    |

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| 42. | Museum exhibiting which of our heritage is at New Delhi? |  |              | ge is at New Delhi?           |
|-----|--|--|--------------|-------------------------------|
|     | (A)  | Railways   | (B)          | Industry                      |
|     | (C)  | Astronomy  | (D)          | Science                       |
| 43. | In w   | hich state is the Sun Temple                                 | of Ko        | nark situated?                |
|     | (A)  | Orissa   | (B)          | Andhra Pradesh                |
|     | (C)  | Jharkhand  | (D)          | Chattisgarh                   |
| 44. |  | ch department has been entru<br>serving the national monumen |              | the responsibility of         |
|     | (A)  | Finance  | (B)          | Education                     |
|     | (C)  | Archaeology  | (D)          | Land conservation             |
| 45. | Wha  | at remains pollution free becau                              | ıse of       | the planning of resources?    |
|     | (A)  | Climate  | (B)          | Minerals                      |
|     | (C)  | Forests  | (D)          | Environment                   |
| 46. | Wha  | at type of resources are the mi                              | neral        | s?                            |
|     | (A)  | Regolith   | (B)          | Non-renewable                 |
|     | (C)  | Man-made   | (D)          | Renewable                     |
| 47. | The  | main aim of the revolutionari                                | ies wa       | as                            |
|     | (A)  | To make India independent.                                   | (B)          | Not against the British rule. |
|     | (C)  | Religious fundamentalism.                                    | (D)          | Against the British rule.     |
| 48. |  | ch of the following is main cha                              |              | _                             |
|     | (A)  |  | (B)          |                               |
|     | (C)  | Duties   | (D)          | Literacy                      |
| 49. | Whi  | ch of the following is the chea                              | pest s       | source of labour ?            |
|     |  | Elderly people   | ( <b>B</b> ) | Male                          |
|     | (C)  | Children   | (D)          | Women                         |
| 50. |  | en did the Government es                                     | tabli        | sh "Central Anti-corruption   |
|     | (A)  | 1981   | (B)          | 1964                          |
|     | (C)  | 1999   | (D)          | 1951                          |

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# N-10 (E)

(MARCH, 2011)

## PART - B

### Time: 2 Hours

[Maximum Marks: 50

### Instructions :-

- There are four sections in this part of the question paper and total
   to 18 questions are there.
- (2) All the questions are compulsory. Internal options are given.
- (3) Question No. 18 is Map-filling. Separate questions are given for Blind Students.
- (4) Start new section from new page.

### **SECTION - A**

The following questions from 1 to 5 carry equal marks. Each question carries 2 marks. Answer as per instruction.

- How can it be said that our country is rich in terms of art?
   Give details about Bead-work and Enamel work.
- 2. Taj Mahal is one among the seven wonders of the World. Why?
- 3. It is our fundamental duty to protect the Wildlife. Explain why?
- 4. What is meant by environmental degradation?
- 5. Black money is a factor responsible for price rise. Why?

### SECTION - B

The following questions from 6 to 10 carry 2 marks each. Answer as per instruction.

- 6. Mention the characteristics of market mechanism system. 2
- 7. Mention the objectives of W.T.O. 2
- 8. Mention the factors which are important for human development. 2
- 9. Unity in diversity is seen in India. Explain why?
- 10. What is meant by anti-social activities?

Explain the term 'Corruption'.

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### **SECTION - C**

The following questions from 11 to 15 carry 3 marks each. Answer as per instruction.

| 11. | Give introduction of architecture in Gujarat.                               | 3 |
|-----|---|---|
| 12. | Explain Hampi.  | 3 |
| 13. | Explain the importance of Electronics industry.  OR                         | 3 |
| 13. | What do you know about industrial pollution?                                |   |
| 14. | Illiteracy is the root cause for poverty. Explain.                          | 3 |
| 15. | What is meant by consumer exploitation? Mention the rights of the consumer. | 3 |
|     | GT GTT O.V. D.  |   |

### SECTION - D

The following questions from 16 to 18 carry 5 marks each.

Answer as per instruction.

Give introduction of Indian languages. OR

- Give introduction of the Ramayana and the Mahabharata as epics. 16.
- Why has there not enough development in the field of agriculture 5 in India? Mention the agricultural products of India.
- In the outline map of India given to you, show the following 5 details with proper signs or symbols, at their correct locations :
  - One region producing groundnut.
  - (2)One area with more than 60.01% irrigation facility.
  - (3) One region producing Lead.
  - (4) One centre of Woollen industry.
  - (5) Golden Quadrilateral road.

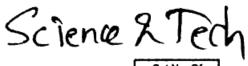
### Only for Blind candidates:

- Answer the following questions instead of **Map** filling.
  - (1)Give name of one region producing groundnut.
  - (2)Mention the name of one state with more than 60.01% irrigation facility.
  - (3) Give name of one region producing Lead.
  - **(4)** Give name of one region of Woollen textile industry.
  - Which cities are connected by the Golden Quadrilateral road?

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2011

This Question Paper contains 8 Printed Pages.



# N-11 (E)

(MARCH, 2011)

| Set No. Of<br>Question Paper |   |  |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| 0                            | 9 |  |

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# PART - A

Time: 75 minutes!

[Maximum Marks: 50

### Instructions:

- (1) There are 50 objective type questions in this part and all are compulsory.
- (2) The questions are serially numbered from 1 to 50 and each carries 1 mark.
- (3) You are supplied with separate OMR sheet with the alternatives (A) ○, (B)○, (C) ○, (D) against each question number. For each question, select the correct alternative and darken the circle as completely with the pen against the alphabet corresponding to that alternative in the given OMR sheet.
- From the following 1 to 50 questions, select the correct alternative from the given four answers and darken the circle with pen against the alphabet, against the number in OMR sheet.
- Each question carries 1 mark.
- 1. In angiospermic plants, what structures are present for the transport of Water?
  - (A) Tracheid

(B) Trachea

(C) Sieve tube

- (D) Companion cell
- 2. What is the excretion structure in Amoeba?
  - (A) Contractile Vacuole
- (B) Flame Cells

(C) Nephridia

- (D) Osculum
- 3. Which of the following tropism is responsible for the germination of pollen grains and the development of pollen tubes?
  - (A) Chemotropism
- (B) Thigmotropism

(C) Phototropism

- (D) Hydrotropism
- 4. Which of the following mode of nutrition does a Rat have?
  - (A) Herbivorous

(B) Carnivorous

(C) Omnivorous

- (D) Grazing
- 5. Where are the antigens for the blood group located?
  - (A) Lymphocyte

- (B) W.B.C.
- (C) Blood Platelets
- (D) R.B.C.

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| 6.  | Whi          | ch of the following Rockets is                       | not   | a Space-Shuttle ?                                 |
|-----|--------------|--|-------|---|
|     | (A)          | Columbia   | (B)   | Challenger  |
|     | (C)          | Polar Satellite Launch Vehicle                       | e (D) | Discovery   |
| 7.  | Wha          | at is the unit of the rate of rea                    | ction | 1?  |
|     | (A)          | Molar  | (B)   | Second  |
|     | (C)          | Molar / Second                                       | (D)   | Second / Molar                                    |
| 8.  | Wha          | at is the pH of pure water at 2                      | 5°C   | temperature ?                                     |
|     | (A)          | 14   | (B)   | 7   |
|     | (C)          | 10   | (D)   | 1   |
| 9.  | Wha          | at is the chemical formula of E                      | Borax | ?   |
|     | (A)          | $Na_2B_4O_7 \cdot 10H_2O$                            | (B)   | Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O |
|     | (C)          | $Na_2CO_3 \cdot 10H_2O$                              | (D)   | $Na_2B_4O_7 \cdot 7H_2O$                          |
| 10. | Wha          | at kind of current is obtained :                     | from  | a Battery ?                                       |
|     | (A)          | DC current   | (B)   | AC current  |
|     | (C)          | AC and DC both                                       | (D)   | Depends on the type of battery                    |
| 11. |              | v many small mirrors are use<br>ant Louis in France? | ed in | the Solar furnace installed at                    |
|     | (A)          | 4500   | (B)   | 3500  |
|     | ( <b>C</b> ) | 3000   | (D)   | 2500  |
| 12. | Whi          | ch of the following is the best                      | qual  | lity Coal ?                                       |
|     | (A)          | Lignite  | (B)   | Bitumen   |
|     | ( <b>C</b> ) | Anthracite   | (D)   | Peat  |
| 13. | Hov          | v many satellites does the plar                      | net M | fercury has?                                      |
|     | (A)          | 30   | (B)   | 21  |
|     | <b>(C</b> )  | 8  | (D)   | 0   |
| 14. | Whi          | ch planet is totally made up o                       | f Hy  | drogen?   |
|     | (A)          | Mars   | (B)   | Venus   |
|     | ( <b>C</b> ) | Saturn   | (D)   | Pluto   |

|               |  | [3]  |
|---------------|--|--|
| <b>,</b> 1•5. | deviates the most?   | ugh a prism, which coloured ray                              |
|               | (A) Red<br>(C) Blue  | (B) Yellow (D) Violet  |
| 16.           | Which of the following lens is use defect?                             | ed by the person having Far-sighted                          |
|               | <ul><li>(A) Convex lens</li><li>(C) Cylindrical lens</li></ul>         | <ul><li>(B) Concave lens</li><li>(D) Bi-focal lens</li></ul> |
| 17.           | In an Astronomical Telescope, wh<br>compared to the focal length of it | nat is the focal length of objective as s eye-piece?         |
|               |  | (B) Shorter  |
|               | (C) Equal  | (D) Infinity   |
| 18.           | Which of the following scientists                                      |  |
|               | (A) Michael Faraday<br>(C) Einstein                                    | (B) Thomas Alva Edison (D) Humphry Davy                      |
|               |  |  |
| 19.           | State the value of one unit of ele (domestic use).                     | ctricity used for household purpose                          |
|               | (A) 1 Joule  | (B) 1 Watt second  |
|               | (C) $3.6 \times 10^6$ Joule  | (D) $3.6 \times 10^6 \text{ kWh}$                            |
| 20.           | Which of the following shows Oh  | m's law?   |
|               | $(A) \qquad R = \frac{I}{V}$   | $(B)  I = \frac{R}{V}$                                       |
|               | (C) $V = IR$   | (D) $R = \frac{P}{I^2}$                                      |
| 21.           | Which instrument is used to dicurrent?                                 | letermine the presence of electric                           |
|               | (A) Electric Generator<br>(C) Fuse                                     | (B) Galvanometer (D) Voltmeter                               |
| 22.           | What is the colour of the wire use                                     | ed for Earthing?   |
|               | (A) Red  | (B) Black  |
|               | (C) Green  | (D) Yellow   |

**23.** Which of the following satellite gives information regarding the life in Oceans and the environment around it?

INSAT - 4A (A)

(B) METSAT

RESOURCESAT (C)

(D) EDUSAT

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| 24. | Which of the following alloys is | used in making Currency coins?            |
|-----|----------------------------------|---|
|     | (A) Brass                        | (B) Steel                                 |
|     | (C) Solder                       | (D) Magnalium                             |
|     | (O) Bolder                       | (D) Magnanani                             |
| 25. | Which chemical is obtained, w    | then Carbon-dioxide is dissolved in       |
|     | Water?                           |   |
|     | (A) Carbonic acid                | (B) Carboxylic acid                       |
|     | (C) Carbon-di-sulphide           | (D) Acetic acid                           |
| 0.0 | 377 (.1 1 1                      |   |
| 26. | Which gas has a pungent smell a  |   |
|     | (A) Carbon-monoxide              | (B) Ammonia                               |
|     | (C) Nitrogen                     | (D) Carbon-dioxide                        |
| 27. | What is the shape of monoclinic  | Sulphur?                                  |
|     | (A) Triangular pyramid           | (B) Needle shaped                         |
|     | (C) Quadrangular                 | (D) Octahedral                            |
|     | •                                |   |
| 28. | Which enzyme converts milk int   | o curd ?                                  |
|     | (A) Lactase                      | (B) Invertase                             |
|     | (C) Zymase                       | (D) Cellulose                             |
| 29. | What is used in Endoscope?       |   |
|     | (A) Photochromic Glass           | (B) Optical Glass                         |
|     | (C) Pyrex Glass                  | (D) Optical Fibres                        |
|     | (5) 13:00                        | (=, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, =, = |
| 30. | What percentage of Gypsum is a   | dded in the preparation of Cement?        |
|     | (A) 2% to 5%                     | (B) 0.2% to 1.5%                          |
|     | (C) 6% to 8%                     | (D) 8% to 10%                             |
| 91  | From which kind of Steel is the  | normanent magnet prepared ?               |
| J1. | (A) Silica steel                 | (B) Stainless steel                       |
|     | (C) Cobalt steel                 | (D) Manganese steel                       |
|     | (C) Cobait steel                 | (D) Manganese steel                       |
| 32. | Which reaction takes place at    | positive electrode (anode) during         |
|     | Electrolysis process?            |   |
|     | (A) Oxidation                    | (B) Reduction                             |
|     | (C) Oxidation-Reduction          | (D) Equilibrium                           |
| 33. | Which of the following metals ex | rists in liquid state?                    |
| uu. | (A) Aluminium                    | (B) Gallium                               |
|     | (C) Potassium                    | (D) Radium                                |
|     | (O) I Outobiuiii                 | (A) AVGUIUIII                             |

| -94.       | Which of the following is a growth hormone in plants? |                                  |              |                                     |
|------------|---|----------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|
|            | (A)   | Auxin                            | (B)          | Ethylene                            |
|            | (C)   | Abscisic acid                    | (D)          | Auxitocin                           |
|            |   |                                  |              |                                     |
| <b>35.</b> | Whi   | ch pigment is responsible for    | the l        | Photoperiodic stimulus in           |
|            | plan  | its?                             |              | •                                   |
|            | (A)   | Phytochrome                      | (B)          | Chloroplast                         |
|            | (C)   | Carotene                         | <b>(D)</b>   | Cytochrome                          |
| 36.        | How   | v many pairs of Spinal nerves    | arise        | e from the human Spinal Cord ?      |
|            | (A)   |                                  | (B)          | -                                   |
|            | (C)   |                                  | (D)          |                                     |
|            |   |                                  |              |                                     |
| 37.        | Whi   | ch disease is caused by the ba   | cteri        | a named Treponema pallidum?         |
|            | (A)   | AIDS                             | (B)          | Gonorrhoea                          |
|            | (C)   | Syphilis                         | (D)          | Hepatitis                           |
| 38.        | Whi   | ch of the following protects t   | he en        | abryo during its development?       |
|            | (A)   | Amnion                           | <b>(B)</b>   | Liver                               |
|            | (C)   | Umbilical cord                   | ( <b>D</b> ) | Uterus                              |
| 39.        | The   | plant in which grafting is do    | ne, is       | called                              |
|            | (A)   | Scion                            | (B)          | Root                                |
|            | (C)   | Stock                            | (D)          | Root-tip                            |
| 40.        | Wha   | at is the period from the devel  | opme         | nt of foetus till the birth, alled? |
|            |   | Gestation                        |              | Embryonic development               |
|            | , ,   | Lactation                        |              | Fertilisation                       |
|            | , - ,   |                                  | ,            |                                     |
| 41.        | Wha   | at is the helical length of each | DNA          | A molecule ?                        |
|            | (A)   | 10 A°                            | (B)          | 20 A°                               |
|            | (C)   | 3.4 A°                           | (D)          | 34 A°                               |

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| (A) Variation (C) Heredity (D) Migration  43. In which of the following does the embryo become male animal at higher temperature? (A) Tortoise (B) Lizard (C) Grasshopper (D) Rabbit  44. Which gas in the atmosphere is responsible for Acid-rain? (A) Nitrous oxide (B) Carbon-monoxide (C) Sulphur-dioxide (D) Methane  45. By which method is the particulate pollutants controlled? (A) Combustion (B) Absorption (C) Electrostatic precipitator (D) Sedimentation  46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid? (A) Methanoic acid (B) Ethanoic acid (C) Propanoic acid (D) Butanoic acid  | What is the continuity of features from one generation to another called ? |              |                                  |     |  |  |  |
|--|--|--------------|----------------------------------|-----|--|--|--|
| <ul> <li>43. In which of the following does the embryo become male animal at higher temperature? <ul> <li>(A) Tortoise</li> <li>(B) Lizard</li> <li>(C) Grasshopper</li> <li>(D) Rabbit</li> </ul> </li> <li>44. Which gas in the atmosphere is responsible for Acid-rain? <ul> <li>(A) Nitrous oxide</li> <li>(B) Carbon-monoxide</li> <li>(C) Sulphur-dioxide</li> <li>(D) Methane</li> </ul> </li> <li>45. By which method is the particulate pollutants controlled? <ul> <li>(A) Combustion</li> <li>(B) Absorption</li> <li>(C) Electrostatic precipitator</li> <li>(D) Sedimentation</li> </ul> </li> <li>46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid? <ul> <li>(A) Methanoic acid</li> <li>(B) Ethanoic acid</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | Evolution  | (B)          | (A) Variation                    |     |  |  |  |
| higher temperature?  (A) Tortoise (B) Lizard (C) Grasshopper (D) Rabbit  44. Which gas in the atmosphere is responsible for Acid-rain? (A) Nitrous oxide (B) Carbon-monoxide (C) Sulphur-dioxide (D) Methane  45. By which method is the particulate pollutants controlled? (A) Combustion (B) Absorption (C) Electrostatic precipitator (D) Sedimentation  46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid? (A) Methanoic acid (B) Ethanoic acid  | Migration  | (D)          | (C) Heredity                     |     |  |  |  |
| (C) Grasshopper (D) Rabbit  44. Which gas in the atmosphere is responsible for Acid-rain? (A) Nitrous oxide (B) Carbon-monoxide (C) Sulphur-dioxide (D) Methane  45. By which method is the particulate pollutants controlled? (A) Combustion (B) Absorption (C) Electrostatic precipitator (D) Sedimentation  46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid? (A) Methanoic acid (B) Ethanoic acid   | •  |              | higher temperature?              | 43. |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>44. Which gas in the atmosphere is responsible for Acid-rain? <ul> <li>(A) Nitrous oxide</li> <li>(B) Carbon-monoxide</li> <li>(C) Sulphur-dioxide</li> <li>(D) Methane</li> </ul> </li> <li>45. By which method is the particulate pollutants controlled? <ul> <li>(A) Combustion</li> <li>(B) Absorption</li> <li>(C) Electrostatic precipitator</li> <li>(D) Sedimentation</li> </ul> </li> <li>46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid? <ul> <li>(A) Methanoic acid</li> <li>(B) Ethanoic acid</li> </ul> </li> </ul>   | Lizard   | ( <b>B</b> ) | (A) Tortoise                     |     |  |  |  |
| (A) Nitrous oxide (B) Carbon-monoxide (C) Sulphur-dioxide (D) Methane  45. By which method is the particulate pollutants controlled? (A) Combustion (B) Absorption (C) Electrostatic precipitator (D) Sedimentation  46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid? (A) Methanoic acid (B) Ethanoic acid   | Rabbit   | (D)          | (C) Grasshopper                  |     |  |  |  |
| (C) Sulphur-dioxide (D) Methane  45. By which method is the particulate pollutants controlled?  (A) Combustion (B) Absorption  (C) Electrostatic precipitator (D) Sedimentation  46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid?  (A) Methanoic acid (B) Ethanoic acid  | nsible for Acid-rain ?   | espoi        | Which gas in the atmosphere is a | 44. |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>45. By which method is the particulate pollutants controlled? <ul> <li>(A) Combustion</li> <li>(B) Absorption</li> <li>(C) Electrostatic precipitator</li> <li>(D) Sedimentation</li> </ul> </li> <li>46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid? <ul> <li>(A) Methanoic acid</li> <li>(B) Ethanoic acid</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  | Carbon-monoxide  | (B)          | (A) Nitrous oxide                |     |  |  |  |
| (A) Combustion (B) Absorption (C) Electrostatic precipitator (D) Sedimentation  46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid? (A) Methanoic acid (B) Ethanoic acid  | Methane  | (D)          | (C) Sulphur-dioxide              |     |  |  |  |
| (C) Electrostatic precipitator (D) Sedimentation  46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid?  (A) Methanoic acid (B) Ethanoic acid   | ollutants controlled ?   | te po        | By which method is the particula | 45. |  |  |  |
| 46. What is the IUPAC name of Acetic acid?  (A) Methanoic acid (B) Ethanoic acid   | Absorption   | <b>(B)</b>   | (A) Combustion                   |     |  |  |  |
| (A) Methanoic acid (B) Ethanoic acid   | Sedimentation  | (D)          | (C) Electrostatic precipitator   |     |  |  |  |
| (A) Methanoic acid (B) Ethanoic acid   | id?  | ic aci       | What is the IUPAC name of Acet   | 46. |  |  |  |
|  |  |              |                                  |     |  |  |  |
|  |  |              | (C) Propanoic acid               |     |  |  |  |
| 47. What is the reaction between Carboxylic acid and Ethanol in the  | xvlic acid and Ethanol in the  | arbo         | What is the reaction between C   | 47. |  |  |  |
| presence of H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> known as ?  | <b></b>  |              |                                  |     |  |  |  |
| (A) Saponification (B) Esterification  | Esterification   | (B)          | (A) Saponification               |     |  |  |  |
| (C) Polymerisation (D) Dissociation of water   | Dissociation of water  | (D)          | (C) Polymerisation               |     |  |  |  |
| 48. Which functional group is connected to Hydrocarbon in Soap?  | to Hydrocarbon in Soap ?   | ted t        | Which functional group is connec | 48. |  |  |  |
| (A) -COONa (B) -CONH <sub>2</sub>  | •  |              |                                  |     |  |  |  |
| (C) -COOH (D) -SO <sub>3</sub> Na  | -  |              | (C) -COOH                        |     |  |  |  |
| 40. The magnitude of a Overtury det is   |  |              | The memitude of a Overtury de    | 40  |  |  |  |
| 49. The magnitude of a Quantum dot is  |  |              | -                                | 47. |  |  |  |
| (C) 5 nm (D) 50 nm   |  |              | ` -                              |     |  |  |  |
| (D) 00 mm  | oo miii  | (1)          | (C) 0 IIII                       |     |  |  |  |
| 50. What is the angle of incidence called when the angle of refraction is 90°?   | when the angle of  | led w        | _                                | 50. |  |  |  |
| (A) Angle of Refraction (B) Angle of Deviation   | Angle of Deviation   | (B)          | (A) Angle of Refraction          |     |  |  |  |
| (C) Critical Angle (D) Angle of Incidence  | Angle of Incidence   | ( <b>D</b> ) | (C) Critical Angle               |     |  |  |  |

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# N-11 (E)

(MARCH, 2011)

## PART - B

Time: 2.00 Hours] [Maximum Marks: 50

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### Instructions :-

- (i) There are total four sections in this part.
- (ii) All questions are compulsory.
- (iii) Draw neat labelled diagram as per instructions.
- (iv) There are internal options in some questions. Pay attention to them.
- (v) Figures to the right indicate marks.

### **SECTION - A**

Questions from 1 to 5 are Short answer type questions. Write answer to each using maximum 30 words. Each question carries 2 marks.

1. State the benefits of Nano technology to mankind.

2

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2. Write short notes on Bio-gas.

- 2
- 3. What do you understand by Fossil Fuel? Name some fossil fuels.

 $\mathbf{OR}$ 

2

- Name the Atomic energy research centre in India. State the places in India, where the Nuclear Power plants are situated.
- 4. State the characteristics of Terrestrial Planets.

- 2
- 5. 49 gm of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> is dissolved in 5 litres solvent. Find the Molarity of the solution. (Molecular weight of H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> is 98 gm/mole)

## 2

### OR

5. What do you understand by Forward and Reverse reaction? Explain.

### **SECTION - B**

Questions from 6 to 10 are Short answer type questions. Use maximum 30 words to answer them. Each question carries 2 marks.

6. State the criteria for Chemical Equilibrium.

2

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7.

State the uses of Bleaching Powder.

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This Question Paper contains 12 Printed Pages.

Set No. Of Question Paper 8

# N-12(E)

(MARCH, 2011)

## PART - A

Time: 75 minutes] Instructions:

[Maximum Marks: 50

[Space for Rough Work] www.gsebonline.com

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- There are 50 objective type questions in this part and all are compulsory. (1)
- **(2)** The questions are serially numbered from 1 to 50 and each carries 1 mark.
- (3) You are supplied with separate OMR sheet with the alternatives  $(A) \bigcirc, (B) \bigcirc,$ (C) ○, (D) ○ against each question number. For each question, select the correct alternative and darken the circle ○ as • completely with the pen against the alphabet corresponding to that alternative in the given OMR sheet.
- From the following 1 to 50 questions, select the correct alternative from the given four answers and darken the circle with pen against the alphabet, against the number in OMR sheet.
- Each question carries 1 mark.

| 1. | The centroid of a triangle with vertices A(3, 2), B(7, 5) |
|----|---|
|    | and C(2, 2) is  |

(C) 
$$\left(\frac{7}{2}, \frac{5}{2}\right)$$

(3, 4)

(D) 
$$\left(6, \frac{9}{2}\right)$$

(B)

- 2. For A(4, 3) and B(8, 9); the mid point of  $\overline{AB} = \dots$ 
  - (A)  $\left(2,\frac{3}{2}\right)$

(C) (6, 6)

- (D) (2, 3)
- 3. The distance between origin and point (x, y) is ..........
  - (A) x

**(B)** 

(C) x + y

 $\sqrt{x^2+y^2}$ (D)

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[1]

(A) 1

(B) 2

(C)  $\frac{1}{9}$ 

- (D) 3
- 5. Formula to find total surface area of Rs. 5 coin is .........

 $\sin^2 60^\circ - \tan 45^\circ + \cos^2 30^\circ - \cot 90^\circ = \dots$ 

(A)  $\pi r^2 h$ 

- (B)  $\pi r (r+h)$
- (C)  $2\pi r (r+h)$
- (D)  $\pi rl$
- The radius of a Sphere is ...... cm, if its curved surface area is 616 sq. cm.
  - (A) 6

(B) 7

(C) 8

- (D) 5
- 7. If  $7\cos^2\theta + 3\sin^2\theta = 4$ , then  $\tan\theta = ...$ 
  - (A) 7

(B)  $\frac{7}{3}$ 

(C) 3

- (D)  $\sqrt{3}$
- 8. Volume of a Sphere with radius 1.5 cm is ...... cu.cm.
  - (A) 4.5 π

(B)  $5\pi$ 

(C)  $5.5 \pi$ 

- (D)  $4\pi$
- 9.  $(1-\cos\theta)(1+\cos\theta) = \dots$ 
  - (A)  $\csc^2 \theta$

(B)  $\cos^2 \theta$ 

- (C)  $2-\cos^2\theta$
- (D)  $\frac{1}{\csc^2 \theta}$

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[Space for Rough Work]

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|     |  |                            |              | `                    |  |  |  |
|-----|--|----------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--|--|--|
| 10. | Intersection set of all the radii of a Circle is |                            |              |                      |  |  |  |
|     | ( <b>A</b> )                                     |                            |              | {Centre of circle}   |  |  |  |
|     | (C)  | Circle                     | (D)          | Interior of circle   |  |  |  |
| 11. | The  | length of semi-circular    | arc of       | ⊙(O, 5) is           |  |  |  |
|     | (A)  | $2\pi$                     | (B)          | π                    |  |  |  |
|     | (C)  | 5π                         | (D)          | 10π                  |  |  |  |
| 12. | If ©   | O(P, 5) and $O(Q, r)$ are  | congr        | uent circles, then   |  |  |  |
|     | (A)  | $r = 5, P \neq Q$          | (B)          | r = 5, $P = Q$       |  |  |  |
|     | (C)  | $r \neq 5$ , $P = Q$       | (D)          | r≠5, P≠Q             |  |  |  |
|     |  |                            |              |                      |  |  |  |
| 13. | If ©   | O(P, 3) and $O(Q, r)$ are  | conce        | ntric circles, then  |  |  |  |
|     | (A)  | P = Q, r = 3               | (B)          | $P \neq Q$ , $r = 3$ |  |  |  |
|     | (C)  | $P \neq Q$ , $r \neq 3$    | ( <b>D</b> ) | $P = Q, r \neq 3$    |  |  |  |
| 14. | If cy  | clic quadrilatic is a para | allelog      | ram, then it is      |  |  |  |
|     |  | Rhombus                    |              | Rectangle            |  |  |  |
|     | (C)  | Square                     | (D)          | Trapezium            |  |  |  |
|     |  |                            |              |                      |  |  |  |
| 15. |  |                            |              | cle is of measure    |  |  |  |
|     |  | 30°                        | (B)          | 90°                  |  |  |  |
|     | (C)  | 120°                       | ( <b>D</b> ) | 60°                  |  |  |  |
| 16. | If ©   | )(P, 5) and ⊙(Q, 4) tou    | ich eac      | h other externally,  |  |  |  |

16. If  $\Theta(P, 5)$  and  $\Theta(Q, 4)$  touch each other externally, then  $PQ = \dots$ 

(A) 5

(B) 9

(C) 1

(D) 7

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[3]

[Space for Rough

Work]

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- 17. Value of discriminant D is .......... for the quadratic equation  $5x^2 6x + 1 = 0$ .
  - (A) 16

(B) 56

(C) √56

- (D) 4
- 18. Sum of first n natural numbers = ......
  - (A)  $\frac{n}{2}$

- (B)  $\frac{n+1}{2}$
- (C)  $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$
- (D)  $\frac{n-1}{2}$
- 19. If  $\frac{(3x-3)^2}{(1-x)^2} = m$ , then  $m = \dots$ 
  - (A) 3

**(B)** (-3)

(C) 9

- (D) (-9)
- 20. Simple interest on Rs. 500 at 10% is ...... for two years.
  - (A) Rs. 100

(B) Rs. 110

(C) Rs. 120

- (D) Rs. 10
- 21. If one of the roots of the equation  $kx^2 + 3x 4 = 0$  is x = 2, then the value of  $k = \dots$ 
  - $(A) \quad \frac{1}{2}$

(B)  $\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$ 

(C) 2

- (D) (-2)
- 22.  $\alpha = \dots$  is a solution of quadratic equation  $x^2 + 7x + 12 = 0$ .
  - (A) 7

(B) 4

(C) (-3)

- (D) 3
- 23. While purchasing in instalment scheme, the formula to find simple interest = ..........
  - (A)  $I = \frac{PRN}{100}$
- $(B) \qquad I = \frac{PR^2N}{100}$
- (C)  $I = \frac{P^2RN}{100}$
- $(D) I = \frac{PRN^2}{100}$

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[4]

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- 24. Sum of the ages of five persons, five years ago, was 50 years. The sum of the ages of the same persons will be ...................... years after five years.
  - [Space for Rough Work]

(A) 100

(B) 75

(C) 60

- (D) 80
- 25. In a two digit number, number at unit's place is 'p' and number at ten's place is 'r'. The two digit number is
  - (A) 10x + y
- (B) 10p + r
- (C) 10r + p
- (D) 10y + x
- **26.** Solution set of x + y 1 = 0 and 2x + 2y = 2 is ......
  - $(A) \{(1,0)\}$
- (B)  $\{(0, 1)\}$
- (C) Null set
- (D) Infinite set
- 27. Formula to find the curved surface area of Sphere is .....
  - (A)  $\pi r^2 h$

(B)  $4\pi r^2$ 

(C)  $3\pi r^2$ 

- (D)  $2\pi r^2$
- 28. The angle of elevation of the top of the building from a point A on the ground is 45°. If the distance of the building from the point A is x and the height of the building is y, then ...........
  - $(A) \quad x = y$

(B) x < y

(C) x > y

- (D) x = 2y
- 29. On walking 'a' metres on the hilly way, making an angle of 30° with the ground, one can reach the height 'b' metres from the ground. Then ...........
  - (A) a = b

- $(B) \quad 2a = b$
- (C)  $2a = \sqrt{3}b$
- (D) a = 2b

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[5]

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Work]

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**30.** H.C.F. of  $p(x) = x^2 + 1$  and  $q(x) = x^2 - 1$  is .....

(A)  $(x^2-1)$ 

(B)  $x^2$ 

(C) 1

(D)  $(x^2 + 1)$ 

31.  $p(x) = -x^2$  and  $q(x) = x^3$ . Their h(x) = ....

(A)  $x^3$ 

(B)  $(-x^2)$ 

(C)  $x^6$ 

(D)  $(-x^5)$ 

32. From the following, ..... is rational expression, but not a polynomial.

 $(A) \quad \frac{x-5}{x-3}$ 

- $(B) \qquad \frac{x^2-9}{x-3}$
- (C)  $\frac{x^3-8}{x^2+2x+4}$
- (D)  $\frac{x-3}{3-x}$

**33.** If p(x) = 12(x-1) and q(x) = 17(x+1), then  $h(x) = \dots$ 

(A) 1

(B) x-1

(C) x + 1

(D)  $x^2 - 1$ 

**34.** From the following, ..... is not a polynomial in x.

- (A)  $\sqrt{x}-5$
- (B)  $3x^2 \sqrt{5}$
- (C)  $\frac{3}{2}x^2 x 2$
- $(\mathbf{D}) \quad 5x^2 x + 1$

**35.** If  $\frac{a-1}{p(a)} = \frac{a^2+a+1}{a^3-1}$ , then  $p(a) = \dots$ 

(A) 1

(B)  $a^2 - 1$ 

(C) a + 1

(D)  $(a-1)^2$ 

**36.** Remainder is ....., when  $x^{31} + 1$  is divided by x - 1.

(A) 3

(B) 2

(C) 4

(D) 1

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[6]

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37.  $\triangle PQR \sim \triangle XYZ$  and PQ:QR:PR=3:5:7. If the perimeter of  $\triangle XYZ$  is 22.5, then YZ=...

[Space for Rough Work]

(A) 4.5

(B) 7.5

(C) 10.5

- (D) 15
- 38. In  $\triangle ABC$  and  $\triangle PQR$ ,  $m \angle A = m \angle R$  and  $\angle B \equiv \angle Q$ . The correspondence ...... is similarity between them.
  - (A)  $ABC \leftrightarrow PQR$
- (B)  $ABC \leftrightarrow QRP$
- (C)  $ABC \leftrightarrow RQP$
- (D)  $ABC \leftrightarrow RPQ$
- 39. Length of a diagonal of a Square is 10. Its area = .......
  - (A) 100

(B)  $5\sqrt{2}$ 

(C) 50

- (D) 25
- **40.**  $\triangle$ ABC ~  $\triangle$ PQR. Perimetre of  $\triangle$ ABC is 35 and that of  $\triangle$ PQR is 28. If PR =  $4\sqrt{10}$ , then AC = .......
  - (A)  $5\sqrt{2}$

(B)  $5\sqrt{10}$ 

(C)  $2\sqrt{5}$ 

- (D)  $4\sqrt{10}$
- 41. In  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $m \angle B = 90^{\circ}$ .  $\overline{BM}$  is an altitude on hypotenuse  $\overline{AC}$ .  $\overline{AM} = 16$ ,  $\overline{AC} = 25$ ,  $\therefore \overline{BM} = \dots$ 
  - (A) 12

(B) 20

(C)  $\sqrt{41}$ 

- (D) 9
- 42. In a correspondence ABC ↔ RPQ between ΔABC and ΔPQR, ..... is the angle corresponding to ∠B.
  - (A) ∠P

(B) ∠Q

(C) ∠R

- (D) ∠B
- 43. Bisector of ∠P intersects RQ in S in △PQR.

QS:RS=4:5. If PQ=4, then PR=....

(A) 4

(B) 5

(C) 9

(D) 10

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[7]

[Space for Rough

Work]

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- 44.  $\overline{x} = \overline{y} + 3$ ,  $\therefore \overline{y} = \overline{x} + \dots$ 
  - (A) 0

(B) 3

(C) (-3)

- (D) 6
- 45. Senior citizen has invested Rs. 90,000 annually, under section 80 C. He will get the exemption of Rs. ..... from his income.
  - (A) 1,00,000
- (B) 1,85,000
- (C) 1,50,000
- (D) 90,000
- **46.** If n = 100,  $\sum f_i d_i = 0$  and A = 15, then the value of mean  $\bar{x} = \dots$ 
  - (A) 100

(B) 115

(C) 15

- (D) 11.5
- 47. If n = 50, A = 20 and mean  $\bar{x} = 19.7$ ,

then the value of  $\sum f_i d_i = \dots$ 

(A) 35

(B) (-35)

(C) 15

- (D) (-15)
- **48.** n = 100, A = 12,  $\bar{x} = 12$ ,  $\therefore \sum f_i d_i = \dots$ 
  - (A) 12

(B) 0

(C) 100

- (D) (- 12)
- 49. Under section 80 C, investment in ...... upto fixed limit is exempted in income tax.
  - (A) PPF

(B) Bank FD

(C) Shares

- (D) Mediclaim
- 50. Under section ...... of income tax, mediclaim premium is exempted.
  - (A) 80 C

(B) 88 C

(C) 80 D

(D) 88 D

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# N-12(E)

(MARCH, 2011)

## PART - B

Time: 2 Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 50

### Instructions:-

- There are four sections in this part of the question paper and total
   to 17 questions are there.
- (2) All the questions are compulsory. Internal options are given.
- (3) Draw figures wherever required. Retain all the lines of construction.
- (4) The numbers at right side represent the marks of the question.

### **SECTION - A**

Answer the following questions from 1 to 8 in short.

Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Find the solution set of the following pair of linear equations.
  - 2x + y = 35 .....(1)
  - 3x + 4y = 65 .....(2)
- 2. Find the discriminant of the quadratic equation  $x^2 + 5x + 1 = 0$ .
- 3. Find the sum of first 11 terms of an Arithmetic Progression 2, 9, 16, 23, .....

### OR

- 3. Find the 60th term of an Arithmetic Progression 10, 20, 30, 40, ......
- 4. The cash price of a bicycle is Rs. 1,000. In instalment scheme, cash down payment is of Rs. 450 and two monthly instalments of Rs. 300 each. Find the rate of interest charged in the instalment scheme.
- 5. The cost price of a wrist-watch is Rs. 800. It can be purchased by paying 2 Rs. 425 as cash down payment and the remaining amount to be paid after two months, giving interest of Rs. 35. Find the value of the instalment.

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- 6.  $\Delta PQR \sim \Delta MNO$ . PQ = 8, MN = 6 in  $\Delta PQR$  and  $\Delta MNO$  respectively. 2 If the area of  $\Delta PQR$  is 72 unit, then find the area of  $\Delta MNO$ .
- 7. Using trigonometric identities, prove that  $\sec^2 \theta + \csc^2 \theta = \sec^2 \theta \cdot \csc^2 \theta$

OR

- 7. Prove that  $\tan 5^{\circ} \cdot \tan 25^{\circ} \cdot \tan 45^{\circ} \cdot \tan 65^{\circ} \cdot \tan 85^{\circ} = 1$
- 8. Find the distance between the points (7, 5) and (2, 5).

### **SECTION - B**

Answer the following questions from No. 9 to 12 with calculations. (Each question is of 3 marks)

- 9. Find H.C.F. and L.C.M. of the polynomials  $p(x) = x^3 8$ ,  $q(x) = x^3 + 8$  and  $r(x) = x^4 + 4x^2 + 16$ .
- 10. Simplify:  $\frac{x+4}{x^2+2x-8} + \frac{x-4}{x^2-2x-8} + \frac{2x}{4-x^2}.$

OR

10. Simplify:

$$\frac{a^4 - (a-2)^2}{\left(a^2 + 2\right)^2 - a^2} + \frac{a^2 - \left(a^2 - 2\right)^2}{a^2(a+1)^2 - 4} + \frac{a^2(a-1)^2 - 4}{a^4 - (a+2)^2}$$

- While selling a Calculator for Rs. 56, the profit in percentage is equal to
   its cost price in rupees. Find the cost price of the Calculator.
- 12. A flag-staff of height h stands on the top of the tower. If the angles of elevation of the top and bottom of the flag-staff are respectively  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  from a point on the ground, prove that the height of the tower is

$$\frac{h \tan \beta}{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}$$
, where  $\alpha > \beta$ .

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### **SECTION - C**

Solve the following questions from No. 13 to 15, as per the instruction. (Each carries 4 marks)

Find the missing frequency for the following frequency distribution, if
 its Mean is 43.75.

| Class     | 0-10 | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 | 70-80 | 80-90 | 90-100 |
|-----------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Frequency | 8    | 4     | 20    | 45    | 64    | 32    | f     | 8     | 2     | 2      |

14. Prove that square of the length of the hypotenuse of a right-angled4 triangle is the sum of the squares of the lengths of the other two sides.

15. Find the curved surface area of a Sphere, whose diametre is 10 cm. ( $\pi = 3.14$ )

### OR

15. How many litres of water can be stored in cylindrical tank with radius
1.4 m and height 4 m?

### **SECTION-D**

Solve the following questions from No. 16 to 17. (Each carries 5 marks)

16. Prove that "Angles in a segment corresponding to minor arc are congruent".

### OR

- 16. Prove that "Angle made by a chord with tangent at one end point of the chord and the angle subtended by the chord in the alternate segment are congruent".
- 17. Using the centre of a Circle, draw a tangent to the circle through a point in the exterior of circle. How many such tangents are drawn? Here, radius = 3 cm and the distance of the point, in the exterior of their circle, from the centre is 7 cm.

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